

# MATH 416 Abstract Linear Algebra

Homework Week 15 – December 3, 2021

**Exercise 1** (6 points):

Find the Jordan normal form and the characteristic and minimal polynomials of the following matrices over  $\mathbb{C}$ :

$$(i) \quad S = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (ii) \quad T = \begin{pmatrix} 1+i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-3i & 4i \\ 0 & -2i & 1+3i \end{pmatrix}$$

*Remark: You are only asked to give the matrix of the Jordan normal form, not the corresponding basis.*

**Exercise 2** (9 points):

For the matrices (in Jordan normal form) below, list the following data in each case: eigenvalues, their algebraic and geometric multiplicities, the characteristic polynomial, the minimal polynomial, the determinant, the trace

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & 4 & 1 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & 4 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & 4 & 1 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & 4 & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & -3 & 1 & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & -3 & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & 0 & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & 0 & 1 \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} i & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & i & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & -i & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & -i & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & -i \end{pmatrix}$$

*Remark: The zero elements in the matrices are denoted by a dot.*

**Exercise 3** (4 points): Minimal polynomial

(i) Let  $T \in \mathcal{L}_{\mathbb{C}}(V)$  be an operator. Show that  $T$  is invertible if and only if the constant term of the minimal polynomial of  $T$  is non-zero.

(ii) Let  $V$  be an inner product space and  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$ . Let

$$q_T = a_0 + a_1z + a_2z^2 + \cdots + a_{k-1}z^{k-1} + z^k$$

be the minimal polynomial of  $T$ . Show that the minimal polynomial of the adjoint operator  $T^*$  is given by

$$q_{T^*} = \overline{a_0} + \overline{a_1}z + \overline{a_2}z^2 + \cdots + \overline{a_{k-1}}z^{k-1} + z^k.$$

**Exercise 4** (3 points): Trace

- (i) Show that the space of traceless matrices,  $\{A \in M_n(\mathbb{F}) : \operatorname{tr}(A) = 0\}$ , is a subspace of  $M_n(\mathbb{F})$ . What is its dimension?
- (ii) Let  $V$  be an inner product space and  $A \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  be such that  $\operatorname{tr}(AB) = 0$  for all  $B \in \mathcal{L}(V)$ . Show that  $A = 0$ .

**Exercise 5** (3 points): Functions on matrices

- (i) By the uniqueness of the determinant, we know that  $f: M_2(\mathbb{F}) \rightarrow \mathbb{F}, f \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = ad$  is not a determinant function. Which property of the determinant fails to hold for  $f$ ?
- (ii) The same for  $g: M_2(\mathbb{F}) \rightarrow \mathbb{F}, g \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = a - b$ .
- (iii) The same for  $h: M_2(\mathbb{F}) \rightarrow \mathbb{F}, h \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = 3(ad - bc)$ .